

Neural POS-Tagging with Julia

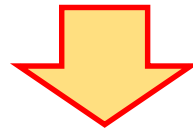
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2015-12-19

Julia Tokyo

Why Julia?

- NLPの基礎解析(研究レベル)
 - ベクトル演算以外の計算も多い(探索など)
 - Java, Scala, C++
- Python-like な文法で, 高速なプログラミング言語



Julia, Nim, Crystal ?

Part-of-Speech (POS) Tagging

品詞タグ (45種類)

- DT: 限定詞 (the, a, an, ...)
- N: 名詞
- V: 動詞
- CD: 数字
- JJ: 形容詞

DT N N V CD N JJ N

The auto maker sold 1000 cars last year.



The auto maker sold 1000 cars last year.

List of POS-Tags for English

CC - Coordinating conjunction

CD - Cardinal number

DT - Determiner

EX - Existential there

FW - Foreign word

IN - Preposition or subordinating conjunction

JJ - Adjective

JJR - Adjective, comparative

JJS - Adjective, superlative

LS - List item marker

MD - Modal

NN - Noun, singular or mass

NNS - Noun, plural

NNP - Proper noun, singular

NNPS - Proper noun, plural

PDT - Predeterminer

POS - Possessive ending

PRP - Personal pronoun

PRP\$ - Possessive pronoun

RB - Adverb

RBR - Adverb, comparative

RBS - Adverb, superlative

RP - Particle

SYM - Symbol

TO - to

UH - Interjection

VB - Verb, base form

VBD - Verb, past tense

VBG - Verb, gerund or present participle

VBN - Verb, past participle

VBP - Verb, non-3rd person singular present

VBZ - Verb, 3rd person singular present

WDT - Wh-determiner

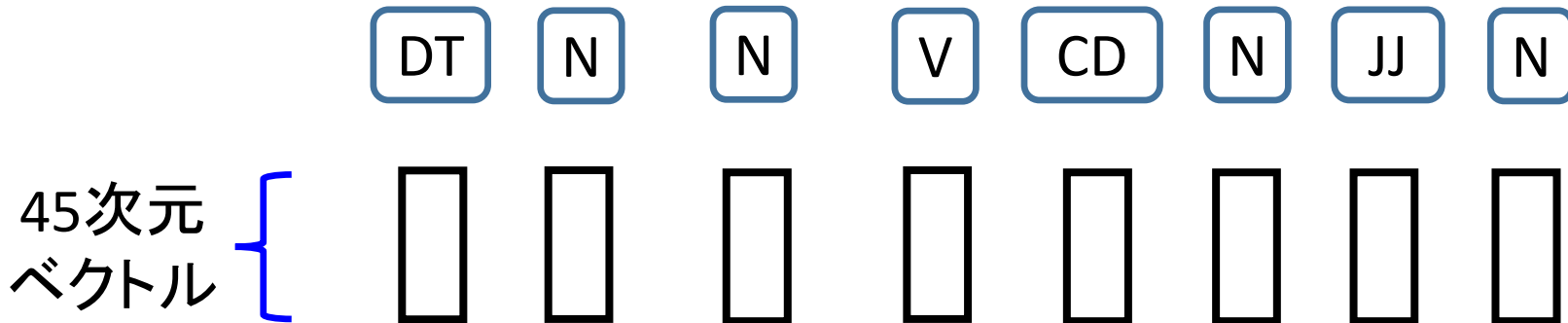
WP - Wh-pronoun

WP\$ - Possessive wh-pronoun

WRB - Wh-adverb

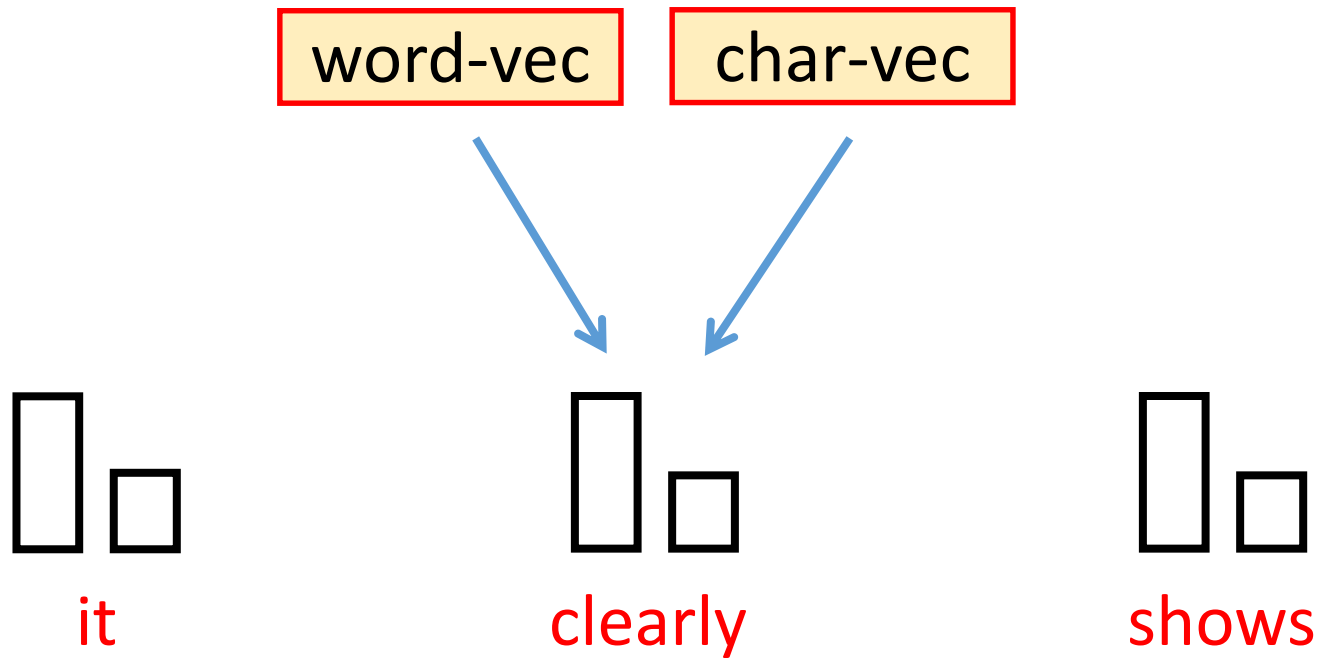
Neural POS-Tagging

“Learning Character-level Representations for Part-of-Speech Tagging” [Santos+, ICML 2014]

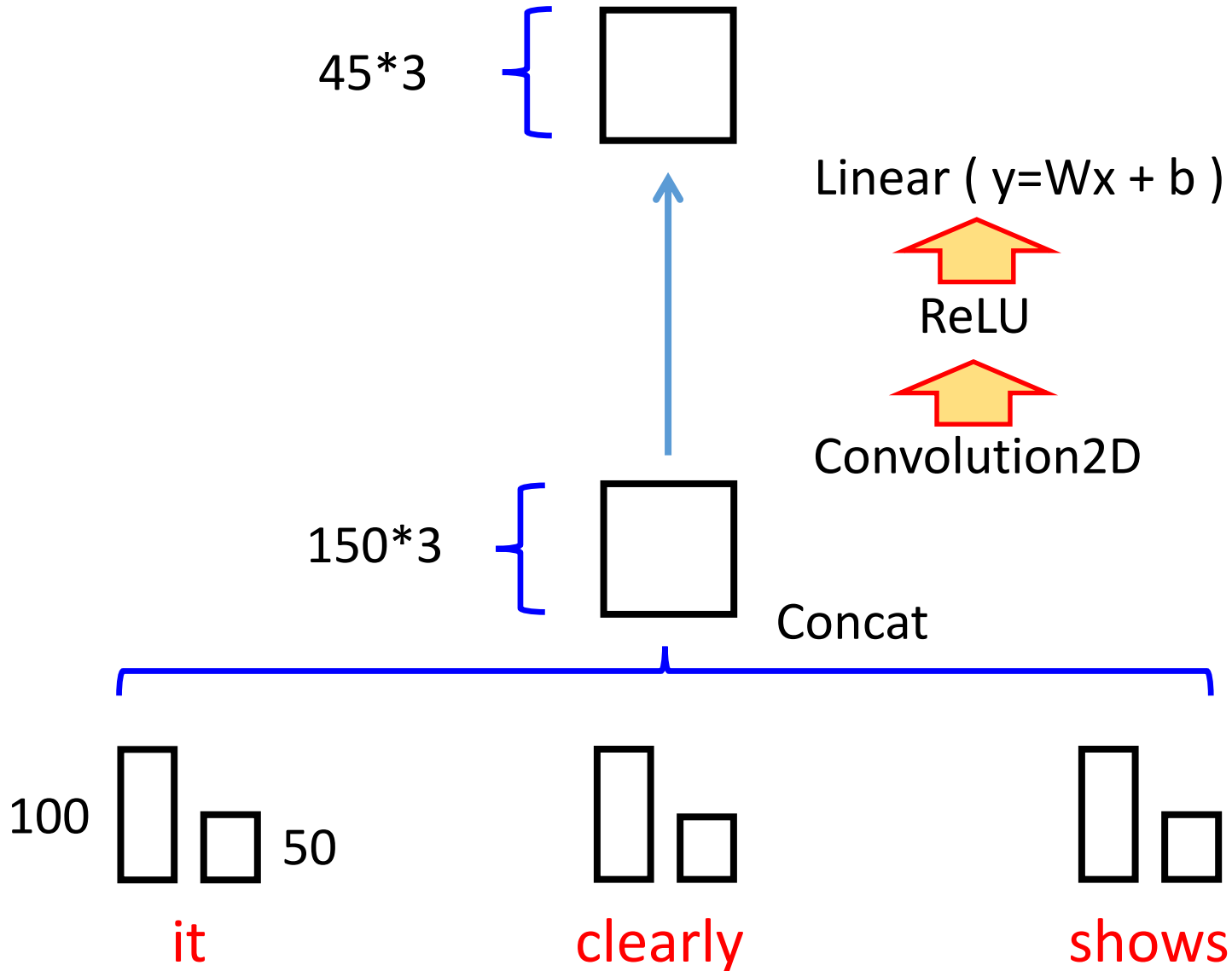


The auto maker sold 1000 cars last year.

Neural POS Tagger



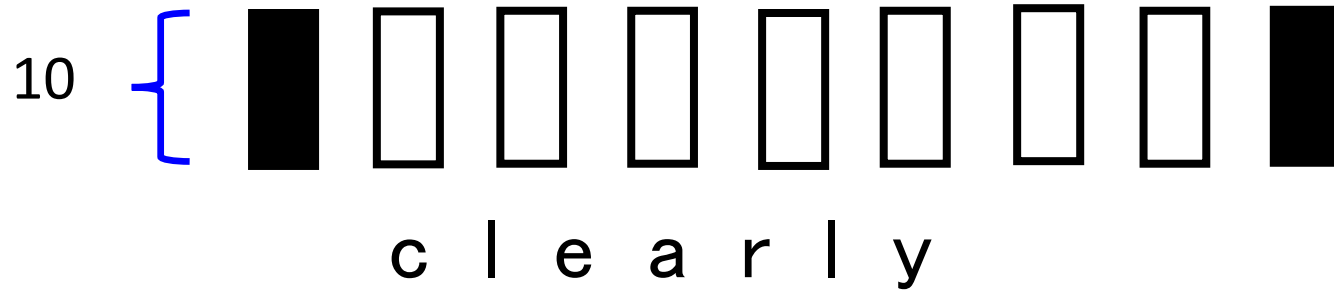
Neural POS Tagger



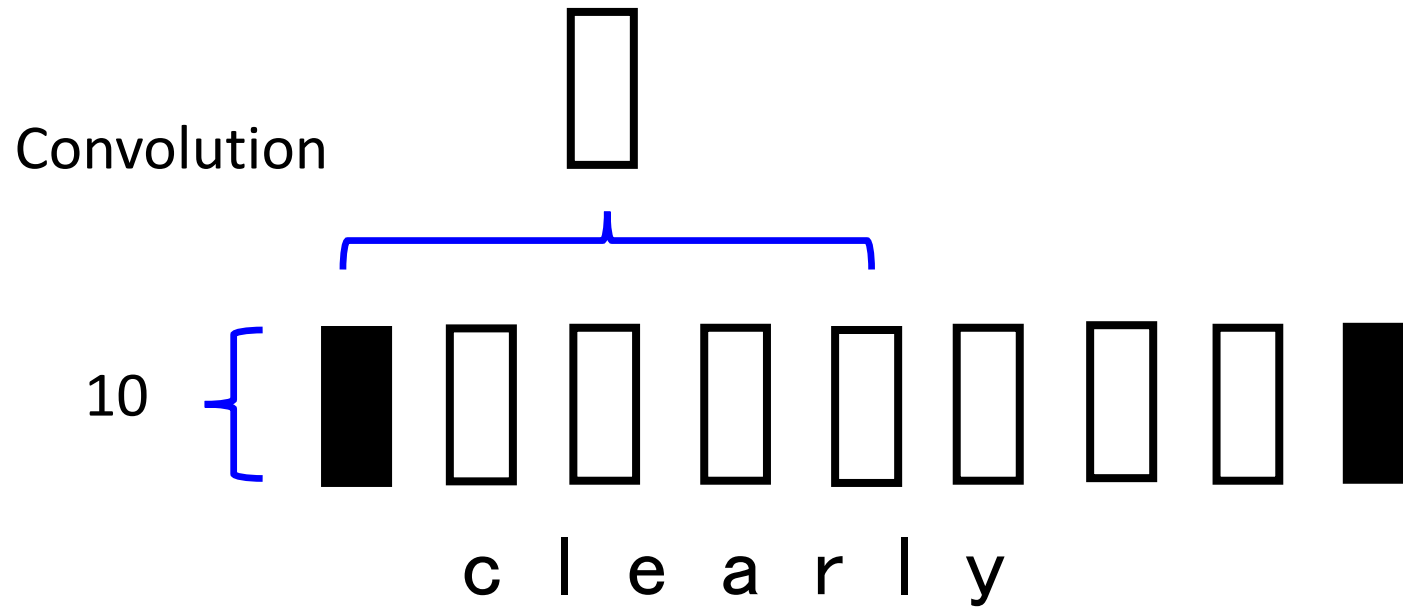
Character Vector

c l e a r l y

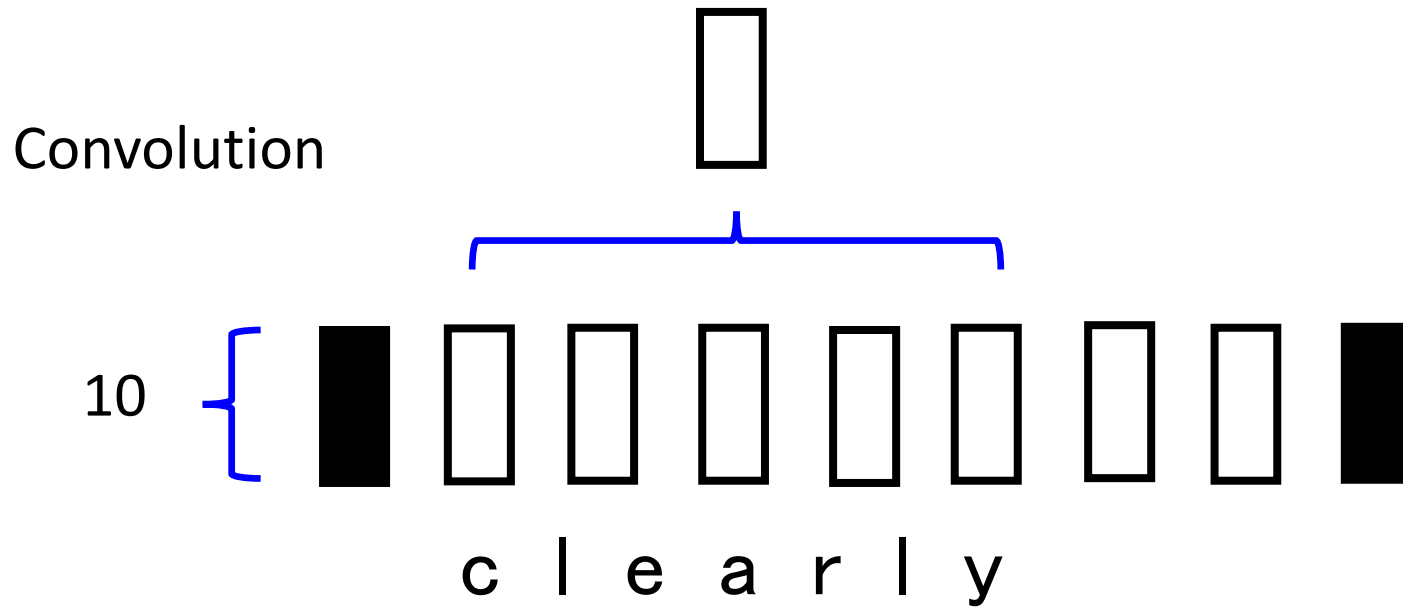
Character Vector



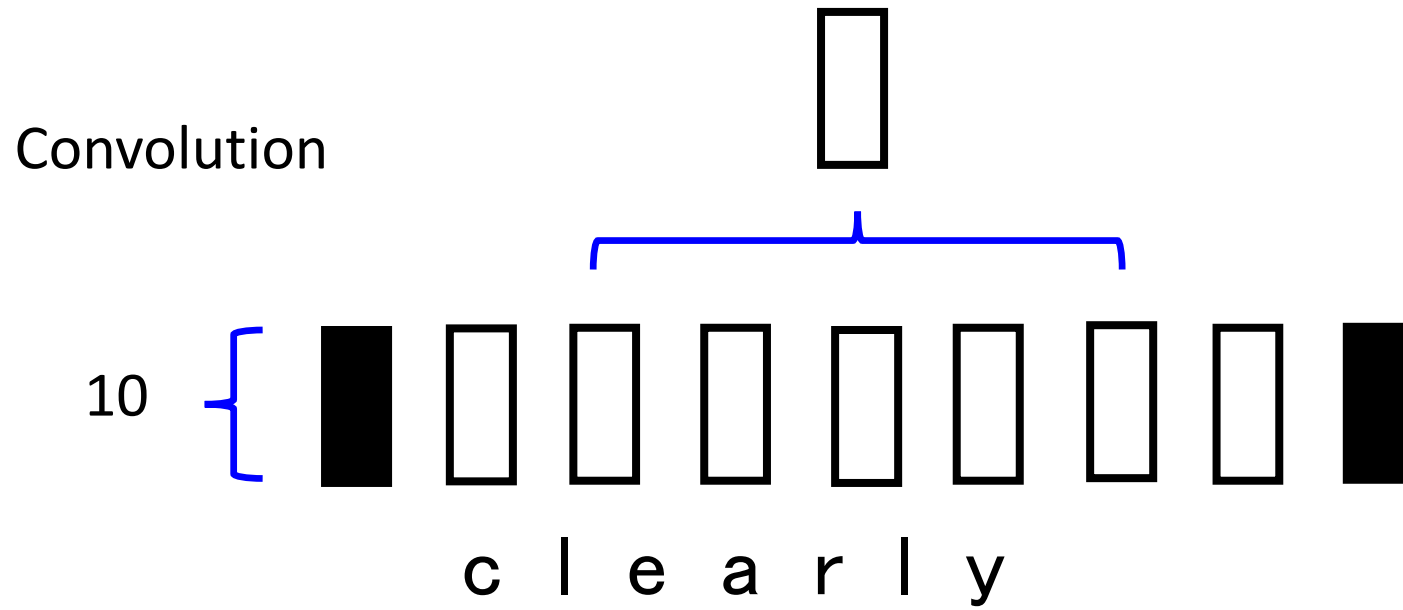
Character Vector



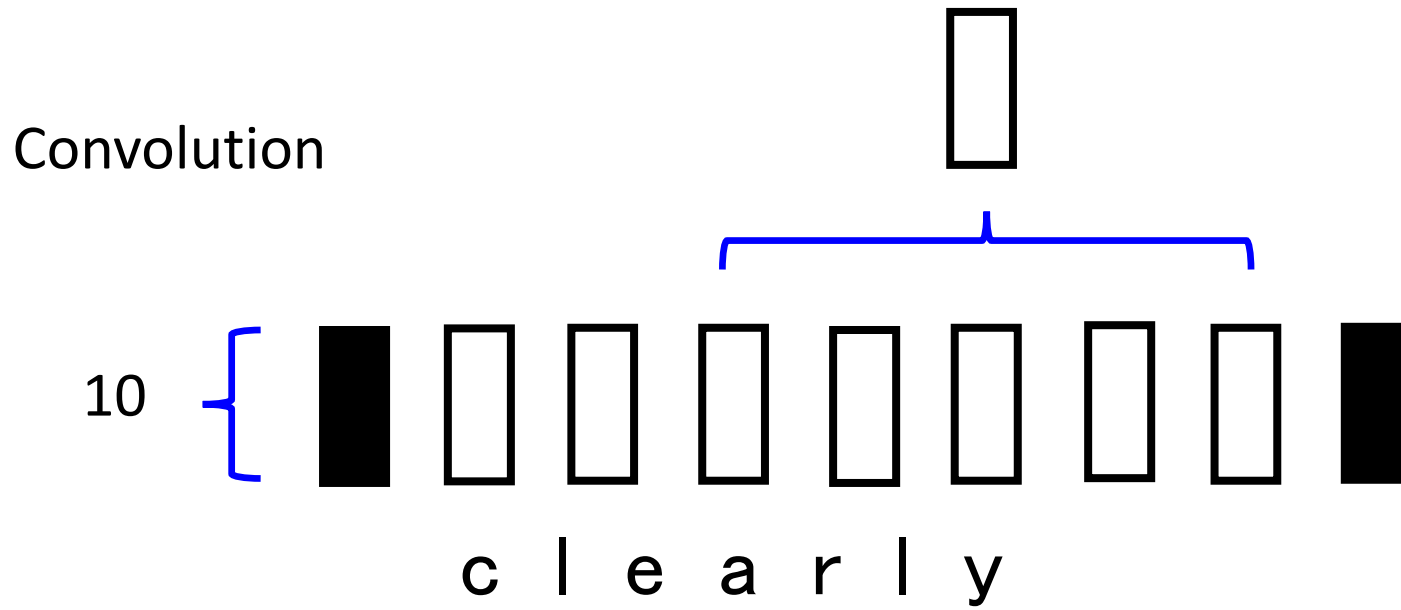
Character Vector



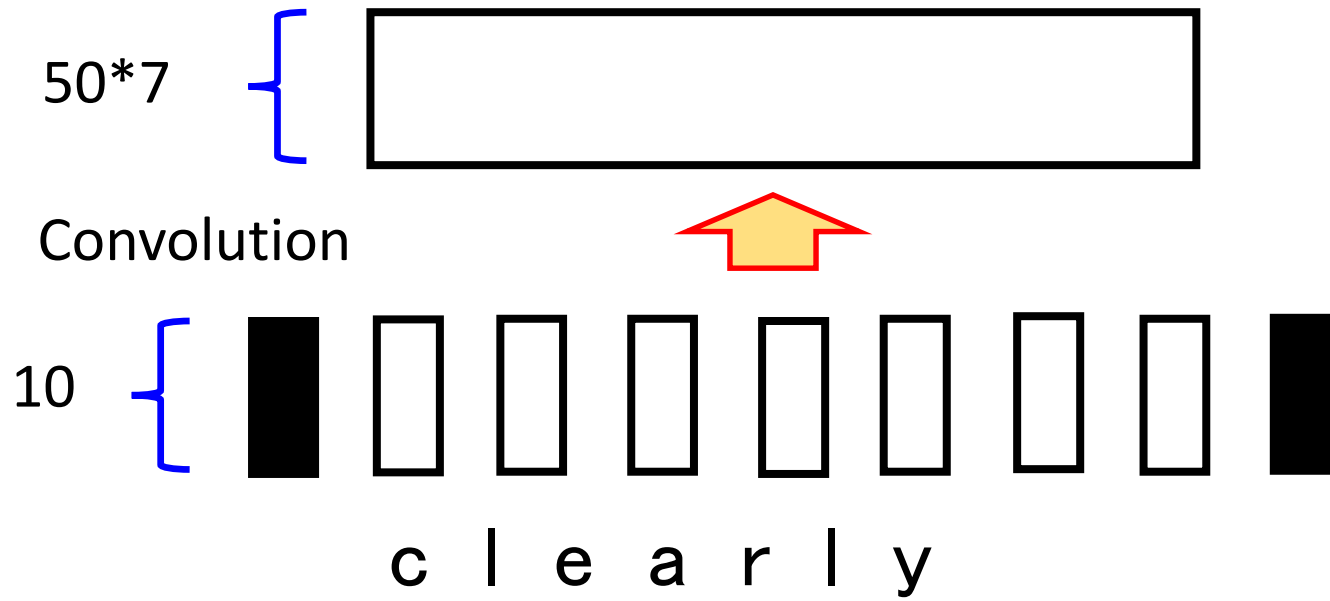
Character Vector



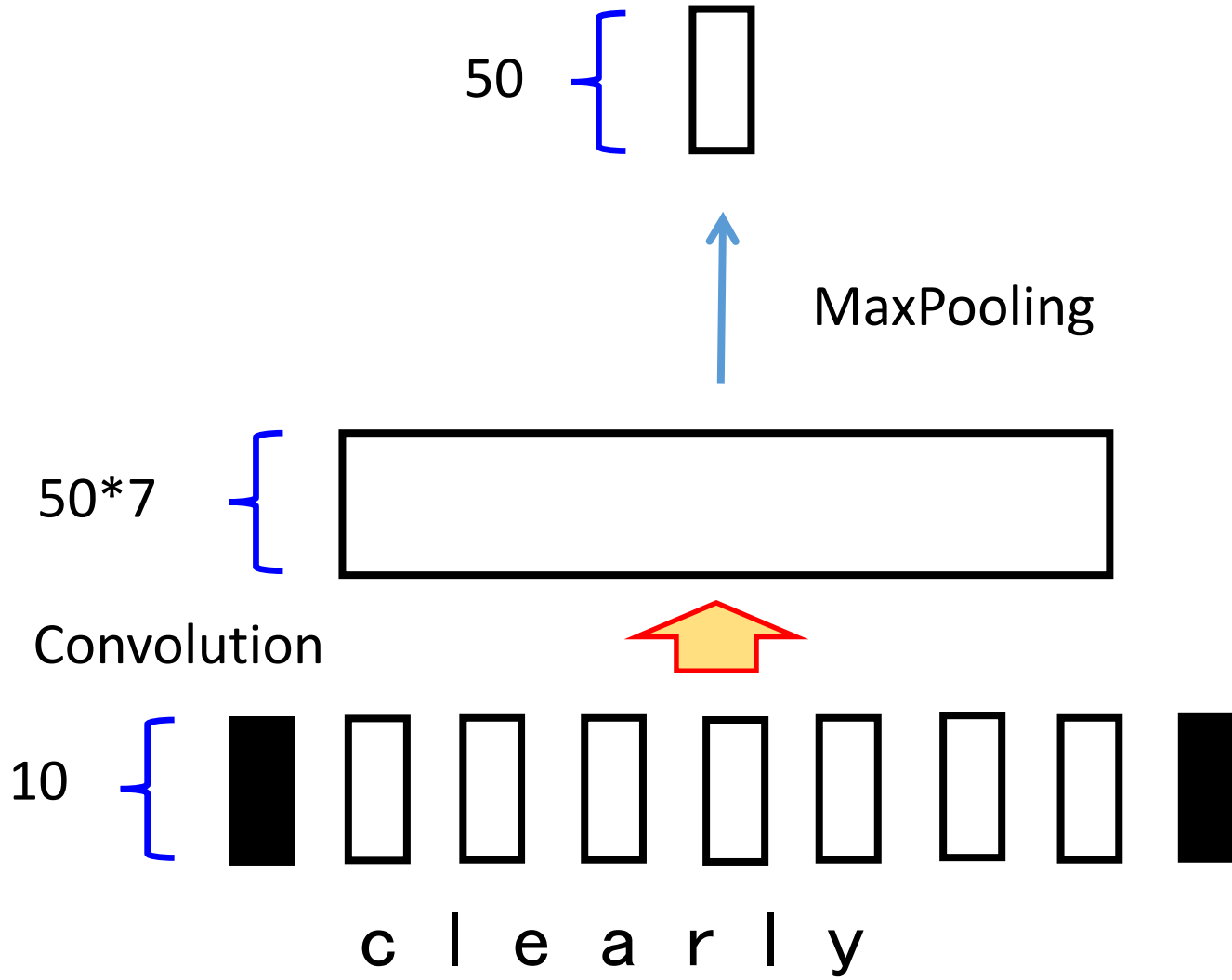
Character Vector



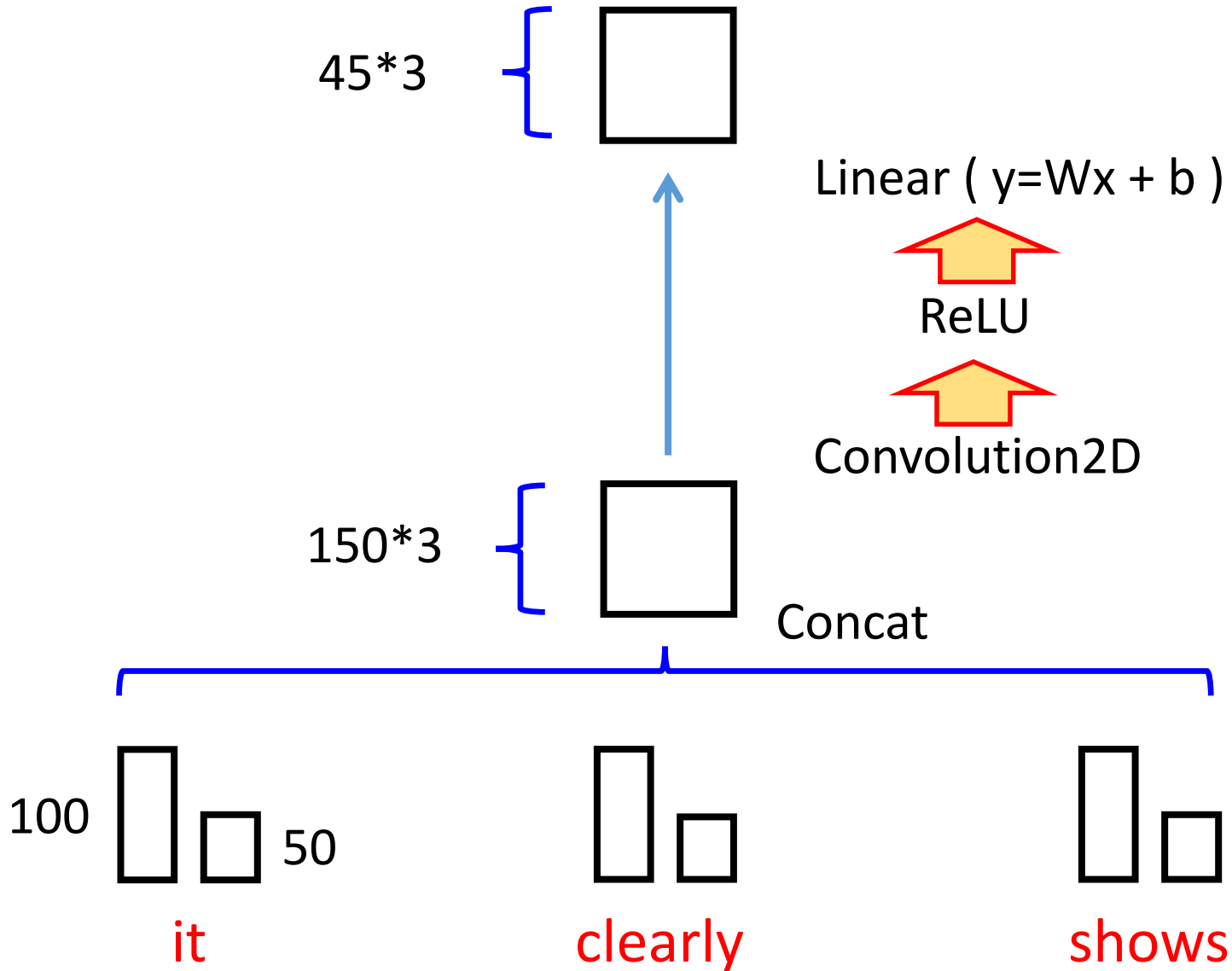
Character Vector



Character Vector



Neural POS Tagger



Neural Network Library for Julia

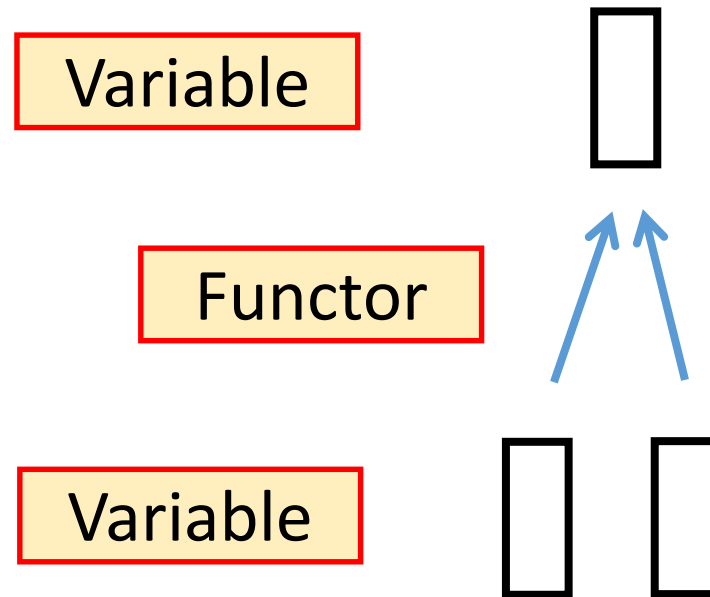
- Mocha.jl
- MXNet.jl

etc.

1. NLP用の minimal な library が欲しい
2. 言語解析では, 動的ネットワークを書きやすいことが重要
 - ネットワーク構造が事前に決まらない(途中の計算結果に依存する)
 - GPU < CPUが起こりうる

Merlin.jl: Neural Network Library

- 実装: Julia, (一部) C++



Variable Type

```
type Variable  
  value::Array  
  grad::Array  
  args::Union{Tuple{Variable},Vector{Variable}}  
  diff::Function  
  fixed::Bool  
end
```

Functor Type

```
abstract Functor
```

```
type ReLU <: Functor  
end
```

```
type Linear <: Functor  
  weight::Variable  
  bias::Variable  
end
```

```
etc.
```

Functor Type

Functor は, apply, diff 関数を持つ

```
type ReLU <: Functor  
end
```

```
function apply(f::ReLU, x::Array)  
    y = similar(x)  
    ...  
    y, gy -> diff(f, x, gy)  
end
```

```
function diff(f::ReLU, x::Array, y::Array)  
    ...  
end
```

Merlin.jl: Imperative Mode

```
x = Variable(rand(Float32,100,1))
```

```
f = Linear(Float32, 100, 50)
```

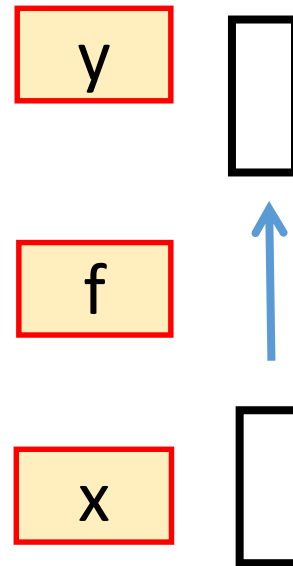
```
y = x |> f
```

```
function call(f, x)
```

```
    y, diff = apply(f, x)
```

```
    Variable(y, diff, ...)
```

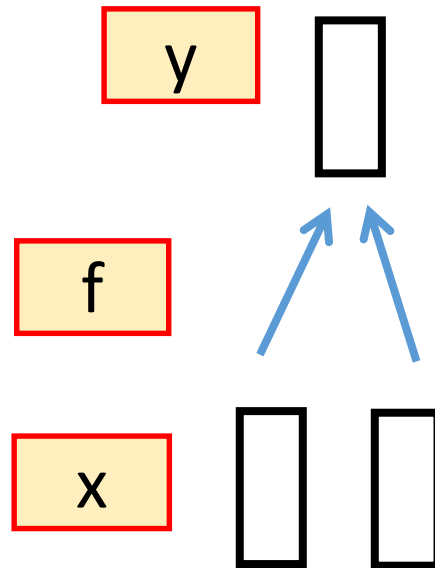
```
end
```



Merlin.jl: Imperative Mode

$x_1, x_2 = \text{Variable}(\dots), \text{Variable}(\dots), \dots$

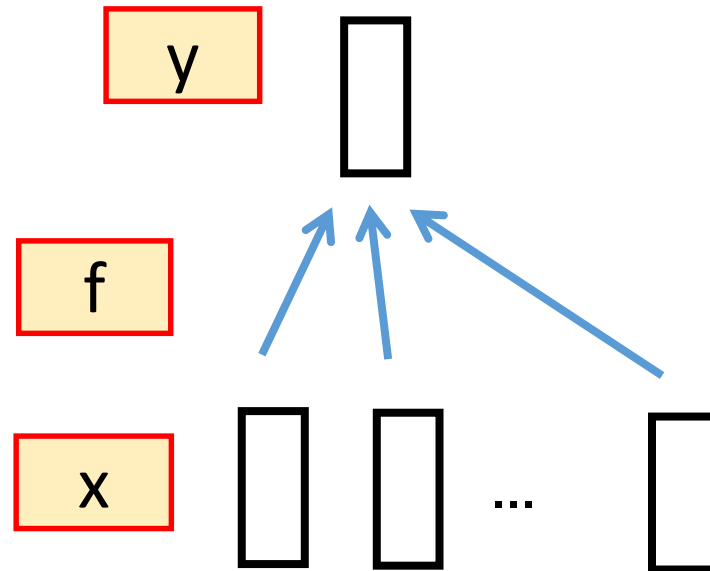
$y = (x_1, x_2) \mid \text{Add}()$



Merlin.jl: Imperative Mode

$x_1, x_2, x_3 = \text{Variable}(\dots), \text{Variable}(\dots), \dots$

$y = [x_1, x_2, x_3] \mid \text{Concat}(1)$



Merlin.jl: Imperative Mode

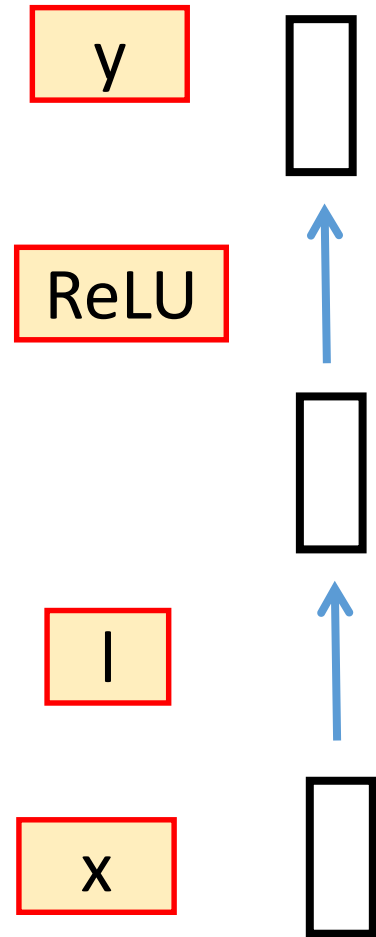
```
x = Variable(...)
```

```
l = Linear(Float32, 100, 50)
```

```
y = x |> l |> ReLU()
```

or

```
y = x |> [l, ReLU()]
```

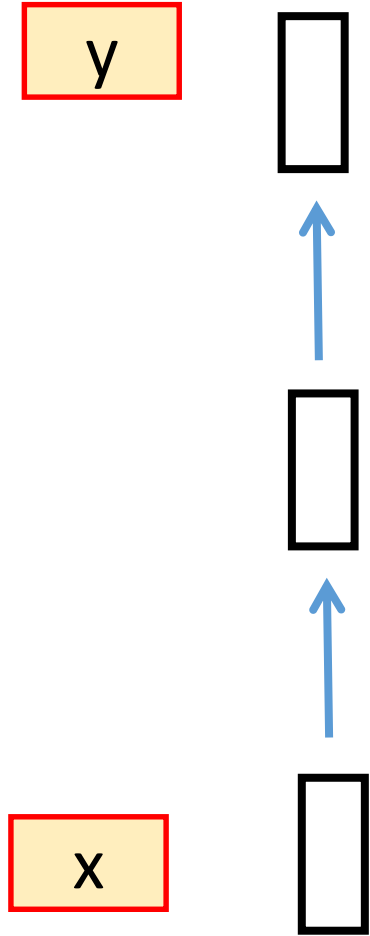


Merlin.jl: Symbolic Mode

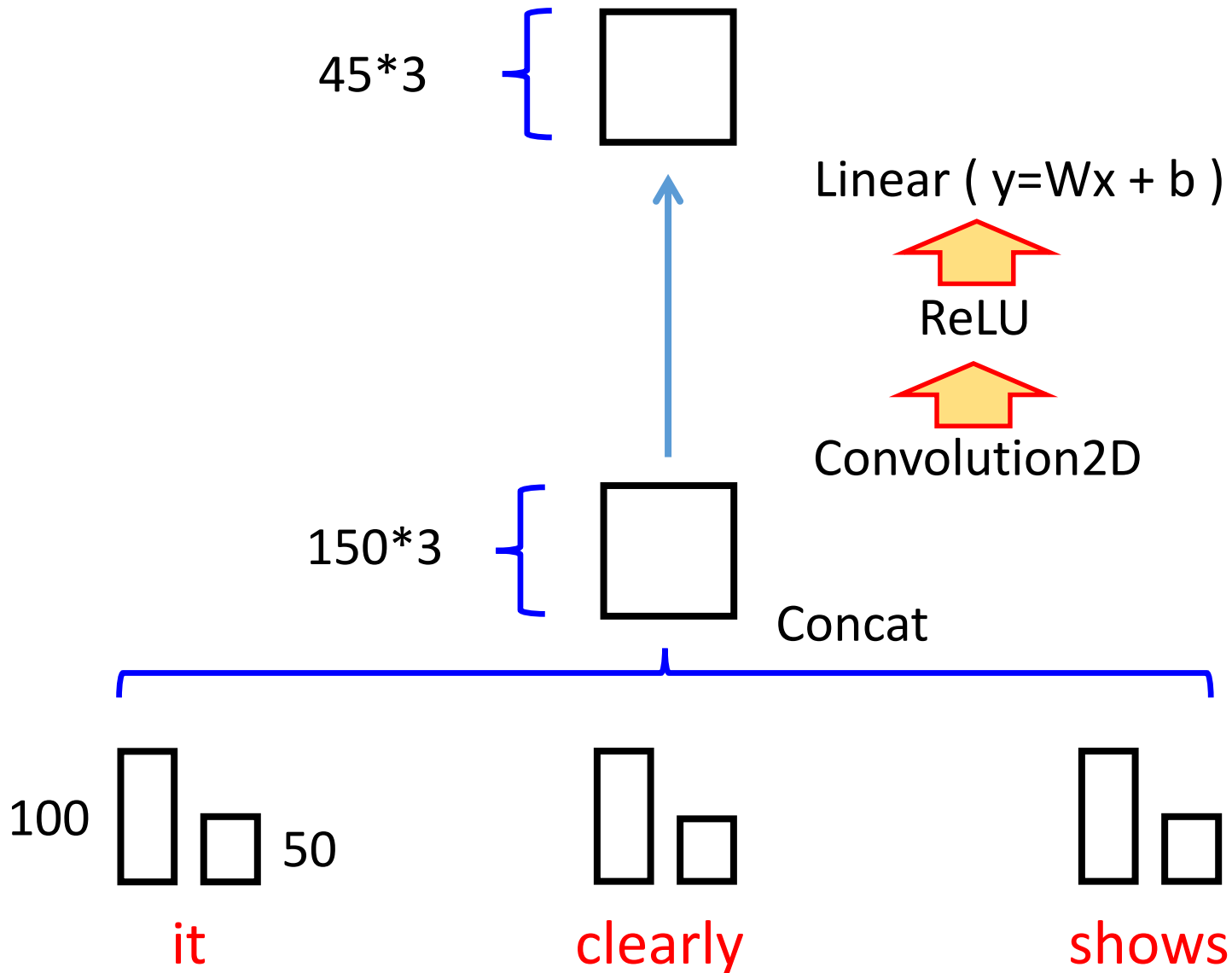
$x = \text{Variable}()$

$y = x \mid \rangle f1 \mid \rangle f2 \mid \rangle f3$

$g = \text{compile}(y)$



Sentence-level Forward



Sentence-level Forward

functors definition

```
word_embed = Lookup(Float32, 100)
```

```
char_embed = Lookup(Float32, 10)
```

```
conv = Conv2d(...)
```

```
linear = Linear(Float32, 100, 45)
```

forward

```
output = [vec1, vec2, vec3]
```

```
    |> Concat(2)
```

```
    |> [conv, ReLU(), linear]
```

```
loss = output |> CrossEntropy(...)
```

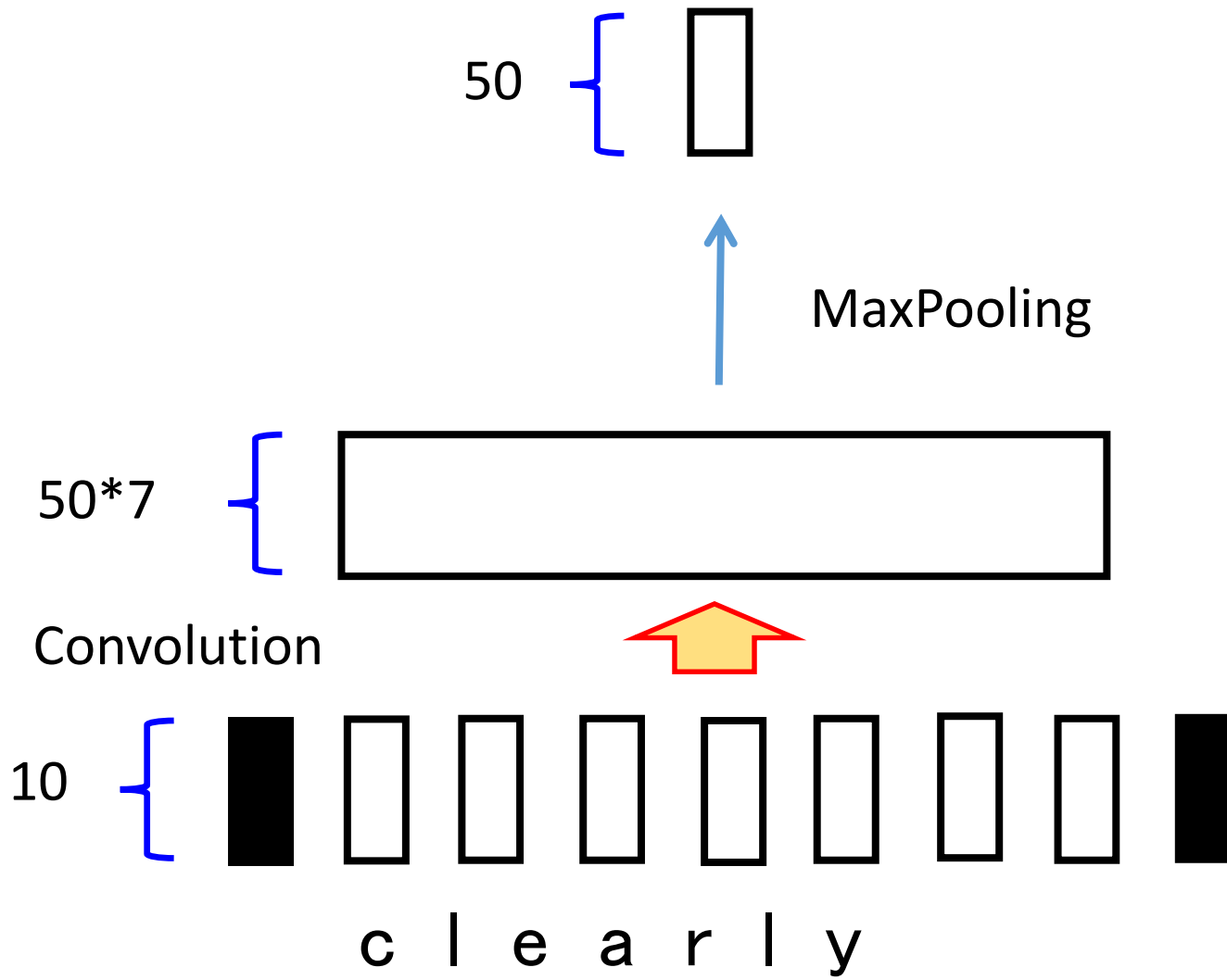
backward

```
diff!(output, loss)
```

update

```
optimize!(sgd, [word_embed, char_embed, conv, linear])
```

Character-level Forward



Character-level Forward

```
# functors definition
```

```
conv = Conv2d(...)
```

```
maxpool = MaxPool2d(...)
```

```
# forward
```

```
for i = 1:length(words)
```

```
    chars = words[i].chars
```

```
    output[i] = chars |> [conv, maxpool]
```

```
end
```

Merlin.jl: List of Functors

- Activation (ReLU, Tanh, Sigmoid)
- Concat
- Convolution2D
- Linear ($y = Wx + b$)
- Lookup Table
- Math Operators (Add, Multiply)
- MaxPooling2D
- Window2D

Experimental Results

- Training: Penn Treebank WSJ, sec. 00-18
- Testing: // , sec. 23
- Optimizer: SGD (learning rate = 0.0075)

Method	Accuracy
Neural POS-Tagger	97.28
Stanford NLP (MEMM)	97.24 ~ 97.32

Future Work

- GPU (cuDNN)
- Benchmark test
- Add more examples for NLP